

Data Sheet January 18, 2007 FN6433.0

LDO with Low ISUPPLY, High PSRR

ISL9001A is a high performance Low Dropout linear regulator capable of sourcing 300mA current. It has a low standby current and high-PSRR and is stable with output capacitance of $1\mu\text{F}$ to $10\mu\text{F}$ with ESR of up to $200\text{m}\Omega$.

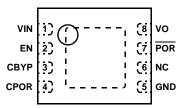
The ISL9001A has a very high PSRR of 90dB and output noise less than $30\mu V_{RMS}.$ A reference bypass pin allows connection of a noise-filtering capacitor for low-noise and high-PSRR applications. When coupled with a no load quiescent current of $25\mu A$ (typical), and $0.1\mu A$ shutdown current, the ISL9001A is an ideal choice for portable wireless equipment.

The ISL9001A provides a P_{GOOD} signal with delay time programmable through an external capacitor.

Several different fixed voltage outputs are standard. Other output voltage options for the LDO are available on request and range from 1.3V to 3.6V.

Pinout

ISL9001A (8 LD DFN) TOP VIEW



Features

- 300mA high performance LDO
- · Excellent transient response to large current steps
- Excellent load regulation: <0.1% voltage change across full range of load current
- High PSRR: 90dB @ 1kHz
- Wide input voltage capability: 2.3V to 6.5V
- Extremely low quiescent current: 25μA
- Low dropout voltage: typically 200mV @ 300mA
- Low output noise: typically 30μV_{RMS} @ 100μA (1.5V)
- Stable with 1μF to 10μF ceramic capacitors
- · Soft-start to limit input current surge during enable
- Current limit and overheat protection
- · Delayed POR, programmable with external capacitor
- ±1.8% accuracy over all operating conditions
- Tiny 2mmx3mm 8 Ld DFN package
- -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range
- Pb-free plus anneal available (RoHS compliant)

Applications

- · PDAs, cell phones and smart phones
- Portable instruments, MP3 players
- · Handheld devices including medical handhelds

Ordering Information

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PART NUMBER (Note 1)	PART MARKING	VO VOLTAGE (V) (Note 2)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (Pb-free)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL9001AIRBZ-T	EBB	3.3	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRCZ-T	EBC	3.0	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRFZ-T	EBD	2.9	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRJZ-T	EBE	2.85	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRKZ-T	EBF	2.8	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRLZ-T	EBG	2.6	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRMZ-T	EBH	2.5	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRNZ-T	EBJ	1.8	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRRZ-T	EBK	1.5	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	L8.2x3
ISL9001AIRRZ-1	EBK	1.5	-40 to +85	8 Ld DFN 2x3 Tape and Reel	

NOTES:

- 1. Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
- 2. For other output voltages, contact Intersil Marketing.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (VIN)
All Other Pins0.3 to (VIN+0.3)V
ESD Rating
Human Body Model (Per MIL-STD-883 Method 3015.7)2500V
Machine Model (Per EIAJ ED-4701 Method C-111)200V

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Notes 3, 4)	θ _{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)
8 Ld DFN 2x3 Package	69	10
Junction Temperature Range	40'	°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range	40	0°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65'	°C to +150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10	0s)	+300°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Ambient Temperature Range (T _A)	40°C to +85°C
Supply Voltage (VIN)	2.3 to 6.5V

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

- 3. θ_{JA} is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See Tech Brief TB379.
- 4. θ_{JC}, "case temperature" location is at the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside. See Tech Brief TB379.

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all parameters are guaranteed over the operational supply voltage and temperature range of the device as follows: $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C; $V_{IN} = (V_O + 0.5V)$ to 5.5V with a minimum V_{IN} of 2.3V; $C_{IN} = 1\mu F; C_O = 1\mu F;$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS			•			
Supply Voltage	V _{IN}		2.3		6.5	V
Ground Current		Quiescent condition: $I_O = 0\mu A$				
	I _{DD}	LDO active		25	32	μА
Shutdown Current	I _{DDS}	LDO disabled @ +25°C		0.1	1.0	μА
UVLO Threshold	V _{UV+}		1.9	2.1	2.3	V
	V _{UV-}		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
Regulation Voltage Accuracy		Initial accuracy at $V_{IN} = V_O + 0.5V$, $I_O = 10$ mA, $T_J = +25$ °C	-0.7		+0.7	%
		$V_{IN} = V_{O} + 0.5 V$ to 5.5 V, $I_{O} = 10 \mu A$ to 300 mA, $T_{J} = +25 ^{\circ} C$	-0.8		+0.8	%
		$V_{IN} = V_{O} + 0.5V$ to 5.5V, $I_{O} = 10\mu A$ to 300mA, $T_{J} = -40^{\circ} C$ to $+125^{\circ} C$	-1.8		+1.8	%
Maximum Output Current	I _{MAX}	Continuous	300			mA
Internal Current Limit	I _{LIM}		350	475	600	mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V _{DO1}	I _O = 300mA; V _O < 2.5V		300	500	mV
	V _{DO2}	$I_O = 300 \text{mA}; 2.5 \text{V} \le \text{V}_O \le 2.8 \text{V}$		250	400	mV
	V _{DO3}	I _O = 300mA; V _O > 2.8V		200	325	mV
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T _{SD+}			145		°C
	T _{SD-}			110		°C
AC CHARACTERISTICS						
Ripple Rejection		$I_O = 10$ mA, $V_{IN} = 2.8$ V (min), $V_O = 1.8$ V, $C_{BYP} = 0.1$ μ F				
		@ 1kHz		90		dB
		@ 10kHz		70		dB
		@ 100kHz		50		dB
Output Noise Voltage		I_{O} = 100 μ A, V_{O} = 1.5V, T_{A} = +25°C, C_{BYP} = 0.1 μ F BW = 10Hz to 100kHz		30		μV _{RMS}

intersil FN6433.0 January 18, 2007

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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
DEVICE START-UP CHARACTERISTICS								
Device Enable Time	T _{EN}	Time from assertion of the ENx pin to when the output voltage reaches 95% of the VO (nom)		250	500	μS		
LDO Soft-Start Ramp Rate	T _{SSR}	Slope of linear portion of LDO output voltage ramp during start-up		30	60	μs/V		
EN PIN CHARACTERISTICS	*!		!	!				
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}		-0.3		0.5	V		
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		1.4		V _{IN} +0.3	V		
Input Leakage Current	I _{IL} , I _{IH}				0.1	μΑ		
Pin Capacitance	C _{PIN}	Informative		5		pF		
POR PIN CHARACTERISTICS								
POR Thresholds	V _{POR+}	As a percentage of nominal output voltage	91	94	97	%		
	V _{POR} -		87	90	93	%		
POR Delay	T _{PLH}	$C_{POR} = 0.01 \mu F$	100	200	300	ms		
	T _{PHL}			25		μS		
POR Pin Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	@ I _{OL} = 1.0mA			0.2	V		
POR Pin Internal Pull-up Resistance	R _{POR}		78	100	180	kΩ		

NOTES:

5. VOx = 0.98 * VOx(NOM); Valid for VOx greater than 1.85V.

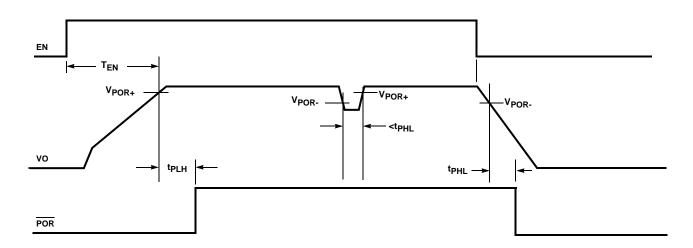


FIGURE 1. TIMING PARAMETER DEFINITION

Typical Performance Curves

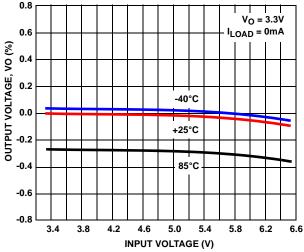


FIGURE 2. OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs INPUT VOLTAGE (3.3V OUTPUT)

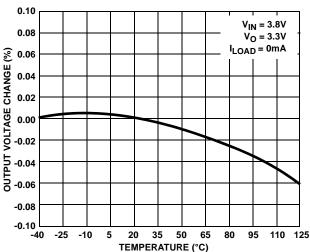


FIGURE 4. OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TEMPERATURE

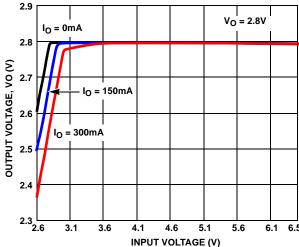


FIGURE 6. OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs INPUT VOLTAGE (2.8V OUTPUT)

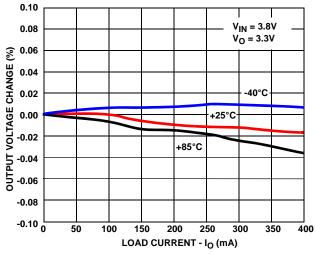


FIGURE 3. OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHANGE vs LOAD CURRENT

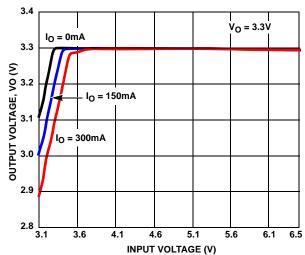


FIGURE 5. OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs INPUT VOLTAGE (3.3V OUTPUT)

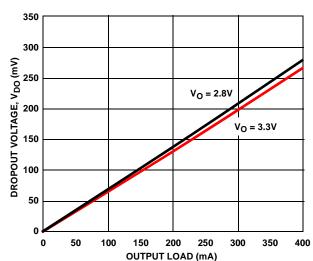


FIGURE 7. DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs LOAD CURRENT

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Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

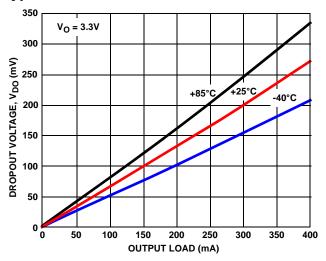


FIGURE 8. DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs LOAD CURRENT

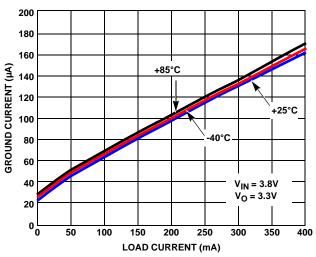
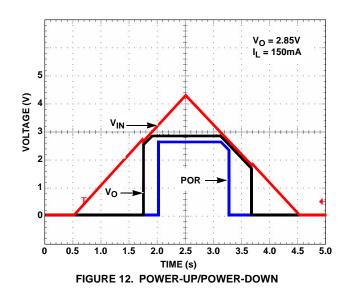


FIGURE 10. GROUND CURRENT vs LOAD



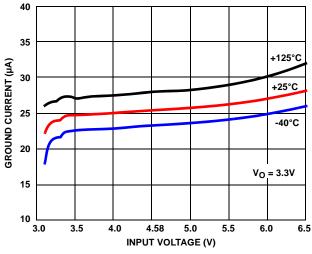


FIGURE 9. GROUND CURRENT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

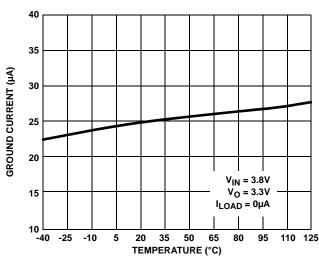


FIGURE 11. GROUND CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

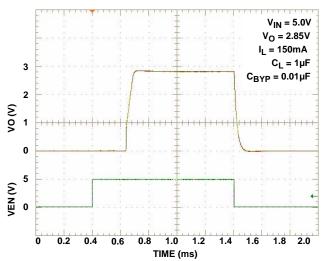


FIGURE 13. TURN ON/TURN OFF RESPONSE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

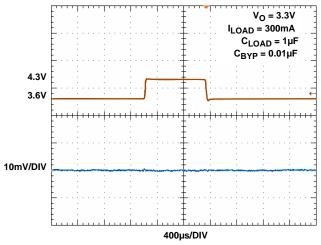


FIGURE 14. LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE, 3.3V OUTPUT

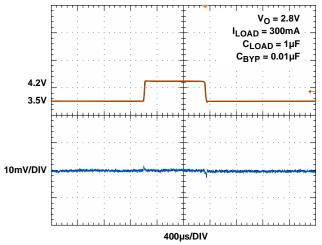


FIGURE 15. LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE, 2.8V OUTPUT

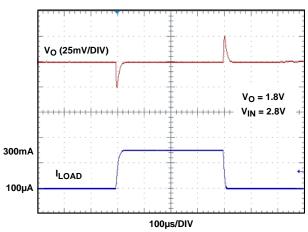


FIGURE 16. LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

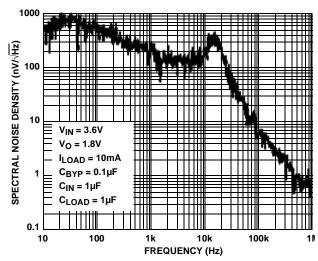


FIGURE 17. SPECTRAL NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY

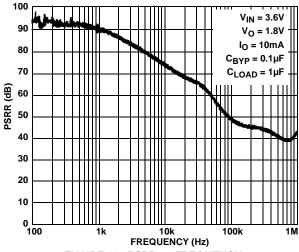
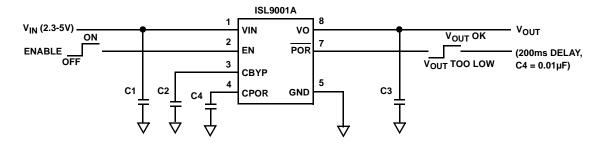


FIGURE 18. PSRR vs FREQUENCY

Pin Description

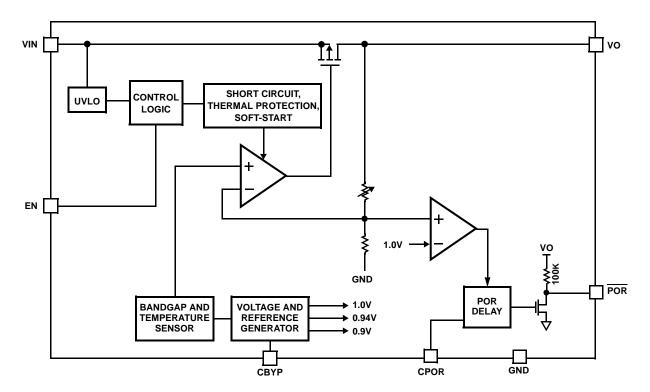
PIN#	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	VIN	Supply Voltage/LDO Input: Connect a 1µF capacitor to GND.
2	EN	LDO Enable.
3	СВҮР	Reference Bypass Capacitor Pin: Optionally connect capacitor of value 0.01µF to 0.1µF between this pin and GND to achieve lowest noise and highest PSRR.
4	CPOR	POR Delay Setting Capacitor Pin: Connect a capacitor between this pin and GND to delay the POR output release after the output reaches 94% of its specified voltage level. (200ms delay per 0.01µF).
5	GND	GND is the connection to system ground. Connect to PCB Ground plane.
6	NC	Do not connect.
7	POR	Open-drain POR Output (active-low): Internally connected to VO through 100kΩ resistor.
8	VO	LDO Output: Connect capacitor of value 1µF to 10µF to GND (1µF recommended).

Typical Application



C1, C3: 1µF X5R CERAMIC CAPACITOR
C2: 0.1µF X7R CERAMIC CAPACITOR
C4: 0.01µF X7R CERAMIC CAPACITOR

Block Diagram



Functional Description

The ISL9001A contains all circuitry required to implement a high performance LDO. High performance is achieved through a circuit that delivers fast transient response to varying load conditions. In a quiescent condition, the ISL9001A adjusts its biasing to achieve the lowest standby current consumption.

The device also integrates current limit protection, smart thermal shutdown protection, and soft-start. Smart thermal shutdown protects the device against overheating.

Power Control

The ISL9001A has an enable pin (EN) to control power to the LDO output. When EN is low, the device is in shutdown mode. During this condition, all on-chip circuits are off, and the device draws minimum current, typically less than $0.1\mu A$. When the enable pin is asserted, the device first polls the output of the UVLO detector to ensure that VIN voltage is at least about 2.1V. Once verified, the device initiates a start-up sequence. During the start-up sequence, trim settings are first read and latched. Then, sequentially, the bandgap, reference voltage and current generation circuitry power up. Once the references are stable, a fast-start circuit quickly charges the external reference bypass capacitor (connected to the CBYP pin) to the proper operating voltage. Once the bypass capacitor has been charged, the LDO powers up.

During operation, whenever the VIN voltage drops below about 1.84V, the ISL9001A immediately disables the LDO output. When VIN rises back above 2.1V, the device reinitiates its start-up sequence and LDO operation will resume automatically.

Reference Generation

The reference generation circuitry includes a trimmed bandgap, a trimmed voltage reference divider, a trimmed current reference generator, and an RC noise filter. The filter includes the external capacitor connected to the CBYP pin. A $0.01\mu F$ capacitor connected CBYP implements a 100 Hz lowpass filter, and is recommended for most high performance applications. For the lowest noise application, a $0.1\mu F$ CBYP capacitor should be used. This filters the reference noise to below the 10 Hz to 1 kHz frequency band, which is crucial in many noise-sensitive applications.

The bandgap generates a zero temperature coefficient (TC) voltage for the reference divider. The reference divider provides the regulation reference, POR detection thresholds, and other voltage references required for current generation and over-temperature detection.

The current generator outputs references required for adaptive biasing as well as references for LDO output current limit and thermal shutdown determination.

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LDO Regulation and Programmable Output Divider

The LDO Regulator is implemented with a high-gain operational amplifier driving a PMOS pass transistor. The design of the ISL9001A provides a regulator that has low quiescent current, fast transient response, and overall stability across all operating and load current conditions. LDO stability is guaranteed for a $1\mu F$ to $10\mu F$ output capacitor that has a tolerance better than 20% and ESR less than $200m\Omega$. The design is performance-optimized for a $1\mu F$ capacitor. Unless limited by the application, use of an output capacitor value above $4.7\mu F$ is not recommended as LDO performance improvement is minimal.

Soft-start circuitry integrated into each LDO limits the initial ramp-up rate to about $30\mu s/V$ to minimize current surge. The ISL9001A provides short-circuit protection by limiting the output current to about 425mA.

The LDO uses an independently trimmed 1V reference as its input. An internal resistor divider drops the LDO output voltage down to 1V. This is compared to the 1V reference for regulation. The resistor division ratio is programmed in the factory.

Power-On Reset Generation

The ISL9001A has a Power-on Reset signal generation circuit which indicates that output power is good. The POR signal is generated as follows:

A POR comparator continuously monitors the output of the LDO. The LDO enters a power-good state when the output voltage is above 94% of the expected output voltage for a period exceeding the LDO PGOOD entry delay time (see below). In the power-good state, the open-drain \overline{POR} output is in a high-impedance state. An internal $100k\Omega$ pull-up resistor pulls the pin up to the LDO output voltage. An external resistor can be added between the \overline{POR} output and the LDO output for a faster rise time, however, the \overline{POR} output should not connect through an external resistor to a supply greater than the LDO voltage.

The power-good state is exited when the LDO output falls below 90% of the expected output voltage for a period longer than the PGOOD exit delay time. While power-good is false, the ISL9001A pulls the POR pin low.

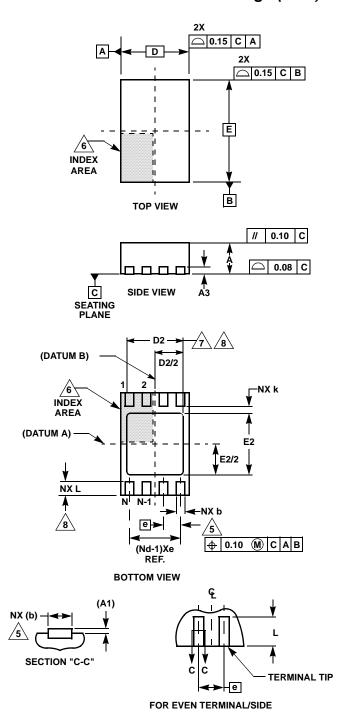
The PGOOD entry and exit delays are determined by the value of an external capacitor connected to the CPOR pin. For a $0.01\mu F$ capacitor, the entry and exit delays are 200ms and $25\mu s$ respectively. Larger or smaller capacitor values will yield proportionately longer or shorter delay times. The POR exit delay should never be allowed to be less than $10\mu s$ to ensure sufficient immunity against transient induced false POR triggering.

Overheat Detection

The bandgap outputs a proportional-to-temperature current that is indicative of the temperature of the silicon. This current is compared with references to determine if the device is in danger of damage due to overheating. When the die temperature reaches about +140°C, if the LDO is sourcing more than 50mA, it shuts down until the die cools sufficiently. Once the die temperature falls back below about +110°C, the disabled LDO is re-enabled and soft-start automatically takes place.

intersil FN6433.0 January 18, 2007

Dual Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (DFN)



L8.2x3
8 LEAD DUAL FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

	ı			
SYMBOL	MIN NOMINAL MAX			NOTES
А	0.80	0.90	1.00	-
A1	-	-	0.05	-
A3		0.20 REF		-
b	0.20	0.25	0.32	5,8
D	2.00 BSC			-
D2	1.50	1.65	1.75	7,8
Е	3.00 BSC			-
E2	1.65	1.80	1.90	7,8
е	0.50 BSC			-
k	0.20	-	-	-
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	8
N	8			2
Nd		3		

Rev. 0 6/04

NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Nd refers to the number of terminals on D.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.25mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
- 8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.

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